

MAILS
From San Francisco:
Wilhelmina, August 3.
For San Francisco:
Lurline, August 3.
From Vancouver:
Niagara, August 11.
For Vancouver:
Makura, August 20.

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COLONEL TAKES MANY HOT SHOTS AT PACIFICISTS

Tells San Francisco Throng
That Man Who Fears to
Fight is Unfit to Vote—
Stands for Righteous Peace

REGULAR ARMY SHOULD BE GREATLY INCREASED

"If You Don't Face Disagree-
able Facts Now, Some Day
You May Have to Face Dis-
agreeable Men With Guns"

During his address at the San Francisco exposition on July 21, when he made his famous "China" speech, former President Roosevelt said:
The highest duty of the nation is to prepare itself against war.
The nearest teaching is con-veyed in the experiences of China and Belgium during the last year.
The average Chinaman took the view that China was too proud to fight.
The professional pacifists are now seeking to Chinafy this coun-try.
Preparedness is not an affair of a day. If we begin at once, a year or two must elapse before we shall have made a beginning.
The navy should be kept super-rior to any possible foe.
The regular army should be greatly increased in size and rendered more efficient.
I firmly believe that there should be universal military ser-vice for our young men on the Swiss model.
There can be no efficient pre-paredness unless we prepare our own souls.

Former President Theodore Roosevelt brandished the big stick of national preparedness last week before a crowd of people that made the spacious Court of the Universe at the Panama-Pacific exposition a seething, swirling mass.
It is estimated, between 25,000 and 30,000 persons within reach of his voice—and some 20,000 beyond it.
Partly in expressive silence and partly with an enthusiasm that broke forth now and then into a demonstra-tion, this huge throng heard the colonel fire volley after volley into the ranks of the pacifists. They heard him—and they laughed at each reference—speak with scorn again and again of "Fourth of July orators," saying in that connection that "no good can come from telling on the Fourth of July how great a nation we are unless we are prepared to prove it the other 364 days of the year."

They listened, this great crowd, in solemn silence while the colonel as-serted that he was not, as some people said, in favor of war, but that he and his sons would all go to war should it come, and would regard the event "with sadness and apprehension."
They heard him for almost two hours bristle with such characteristic phrases as these:
"I scorn the scoundrel. I despise the coward and the weakling."
"There is nothing worth having, which, if kept weakly, isn't a disad-vantage to have."
"I believe in peace, but it must be the peace of righteousness."
"If you don't want to face disagree-able facts now, you may have to face disagreeable men some day with guns in their hands."

"I don't give a rap for abstract gen-eralities, nor for elocution as a sub-stitute for action."
"There are two or three nations in South America better equipped to take care of an enforcement of the Monroe doctrine than we are."
"No free nation can hope to keep its freedom unless the man who has the right to vote also assumes the ob-ligation to bear arms."

"Politicians and pacifists."
These things the colonel said to the crowd, riding roughshod over doctrine set forth in recent addresses by pac-ifists.
He warned his hearers against the attempt of "these politicos and paci-fists."

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W. L. STANLEY RETIRES FROM LAW FIRM TO JOIN AS PARTNER WITH WILDER

An interesting change in Honolulu legal circles took place today when Judge W. L. Stanley retired from the law firm of Holmes, Stanley & Olson and joined in partnership with Judge A. A. Wilder.
Both Judge Wilder and Judge Stanley are veterans in the legal profes-sion. The former was born in the islands and has practised here for a long time. Judge Stanley has been an attorney for 23 years in Honolulu.
Both on the bench and in private practise they have held the high re-spect of their professional brethren. Judge Wilder has been practising al-ong since retiring from the firm of Thompson, Wilder, Milverton & Ly-mer a number of months ago.
A few weeks ago there was a rumor that if Chief Justice Robertson should not be reappointed he would join Holmes, Stanley & Olson.

Washington Not Contemplating a New Governor

Reports from political opponents of Governor L. E. Pinkham in the past few days have been that a movement was on foot to oust the governor and name a Democrat acceptable to the anti-Pinkham faction. These reports have been growing more and more cir-cumstantial, and for several days past it has been rumored that Judge Stuart was to be advocated as the governor's successor.

The Star-Bulletin today called its Washington correspondent on the mat-ter and received the following reply:
"Nothing whatever to the story of contemplated removal of Governor Pinkham."

LARRISON SHOWS DANGER TO CITY WATER RESOURCE

U. S. Expert Answers City En-
gineer in Discussion of Un-
derground Supply

Honolulu's underground water sup-ly will be very definitely endangered by any considerable tunneling scheme in the adjacent hills along the line suggested by the new water commis-sion, declares G. R. Larrison, U. S. ex-pert and superintendent of hydro-graphy in the territory.
An interview with Mr. Larrison pub-lished in the Star-Bulletin, opposing the spending of \$20,000 of the taxpay-ers' money for "investigation" in the hills, brought forth a rejoinder a few days ago from City Engineer White-house.

Mr. Larrison today answers the en-gineer, emphatically and enlarges upon a point which he had previous-ly mentioned—the drain upon the present underground supply.

His letter follows:
Honolulu, T. H., July 30, 1915.
Sir: Judging from his letter re-lative to the future of Honolulu's water supply, as published in the Star-Bu-letin on July 27, the City and County Engineer has either misinterpreted the views of the writer or has erro-neously information pertaining to the ar-tesian situation.

The writer agrees that an ample underground water supply, if it can be obtained at reasonable cost, is much more desirable than a surface supply, although it has been proven beyond a shadow of doubt that surface supplies can be made potable within reasonable limits of cost and effort. Were the underground water supply of Oahu sufficient to supply all demands made on it, there is no question as to what kind of water should be used.

There is abundant evidence at hand to prove that the draft on the under-ground supply is excessive.

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OKUMA CONFERS WITH EMPEROR

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles)
TOKIO, Japan, July 31.—Count Okuma, who has just resigned as pre-mier, is conferring with the emperor today on the cabinet crisis. He may stay and form a new cabinet.

(Special to Hawaii Shiping).

TOKIO, Japan, July 31.—It was made public today that Emperor Yo-shihito desires that Count Okuma re-main in office as premier of the cabi-net and organize a new body of min-isters. It is understood that Baron I. Motono, ambassador to Russia, will be recalled and appointed minister of foreign affairs to fill the vacancy cre-ated by the resignation of Baron Kato.
Emperor Yoshihito today summoned Prince Yamagata, one of the gen-ros, or elder statesmen, to the palace and conferred with him regarding the res-ignation of Premier Count Okuma and the members of his cabinet. Follow-ing the meeting, Prince Yamagata and Count Okuma were in secret confer-ence for several hours.

WAS ABOARD ORDUNA WHEN GERMANS FIRED TORPEDO

Capt. C. R. Howe, a passen-ger on the liner China, which reached Honolulu last evening, was on the Orduna when a Ger-man submarine attempted to tor-pedo the vessel.
"The torpedo missed us by less than ten feet," he said. "It was fired toward the center of the liner. The captain, by a clever maneuver, headed the boat so that the deadly missile shot across our path just behind the stern."
"The beggars shelled the upper deck, too, so that the passengers, who had been lined up beside the lifeboats, had to be sent below."
Mr. Howe is an English steamer captain. He is going to Kobe.

THREAT AGAINST UNITED STATES MAY BAR OZAWA

J. Wesley Thompson Files Brief
Opposing Citizenship Peti-
tion of Japanese

"NOT MORALLY FIT TO BECOME AN AMERICAN"

Assistant U. S. Attorney Also
Advances Legal Objections
to Naturalization

If the grounds set forth in a brief prepared by J. Wesley Thompson, as-sistant U. S. attorney, are declared sufficient, and if the petition of Takao Ozawa is denied, the question of whether alien Japanese shall be admitted to American citizenship by the local federal court probably will be settled for all time.

When Ozawa, who is a clerk for a local firm, filed his appli-cation for American citizenship, he was informed that the statutes hold that only free white persons or per-sons of African descent or nativity, shall be admitted as citizens. Ozawa did not engage counsel, but informed the court that he would conduct his own argument.

Accordingly, he filed in the clerk's office a lengthy argument giving his reasons why he should be allowed to become an American citizen.
Mr. Thompson's brief declares, in the first place, that Ozawa is not morally fit to become a citizen of the United States from the fact that, in his argument, he threatens the United States with action by the government of his own country, Japan, if he is not allowed to become a citizen.

According to Mr. Thompson, there are three distinct branches of qualification of an applicant for citizenship. He gives these as moral qualification, edu-cational attainments and legal require-ments.

That portion of Ozawa's argument which Thompson claims is a threat against the United States is, in part, as follows:

"What the United States will gain by humiliating Japanese whom our Uncle Sam assisted to become one of the great five powers? The United States will gain nothing. She only creates bitter feeling in the minds of Japanese against the United States. This transforming a good friend into enemy."

"On the other hand, if the United States treats Japan fairly, as she did before, what will she gain? Japanese will surely respect American people as she did before. Peace between the United States and Japan will continue forever."

"For the safety and honor of the United States, I sincerely hope that the United States will treat Japanese fairly."

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DROGGED UNDER WHEN LUSITANIA BEGAN SINKING

R. J. Timmis, Who Arrived in
Honolulu Yesterday, Gave
Life Preserver to Woman

Caught in the rail of the sinking Lusitania, R. J. Timmis of London was dragged down and down, and then as the pressure grew greater and he had about given up all hope, the swirling water tore him loose and he swam and floated upward to the surface, leaving the torpedoed Lusitania and scores of her passengers to sink to the ocean's bed.
That is the graphic story Mr. Tim-mis related to the Star-Bulletin last night. He and Mrs. Timmis were ar-rivals on the Pacific Mail steamer China and will visit with Captain and Mrs. C. Jones at Fort Kamehameha until August 17. Mr. Timmis repeat-ed his version of the sinking of the Lusitania on May 7, as he said he told it to the coroner's jury in Lon-don following the sinking of the Cun-ard by a German submarine.

"I was four decks down when the ship was torpedoed at 2:10 o'clock on May 7," he said. "I rushed upstairs and belted a life preserver on me. My companion, R. T. Wilcox, did the same. Then, just as everyone who had a chance to be saved had left the steamer, we saw two steerage women who were left behind. Wilcox and myself gave them our life pre-servers and we stayed with the ship."
"At 2:23 o'clock, 18 minutes after she was struck, the Lusitania sank. Wilcox and I were both standing to-gether on deck when the steamer went under. As soon as the water closed in on us I tried to swim to the surface, but I was caught in the rail. So was Wilcox. I had almost given up all hope of being able to save my-self when suddenly the swirling water tore me loose and I swam and floated to the surface. The pressure below was frightful. Poor Wilcox never came up."
"I swam around for three-quarters

BERLIN SCENE OF ANTI-AMERICAN DISORDER

LATEST U. S. NOTE IS EMPHATIC
Text of Warning to Germany in Full

The Star-Bulletin publishes below the full text of the latest American note to Germany regarding submarine warfare, delivered on July 24 to the foreign office at Berlin by U. S. Am-bassador Gerard. The text reached Honolulu by mail yesterday.

The Secretary of State to Am-bassador Gerard, Department of State, Washington, July 27, 1915. You are instructed to deliver textually the following note to the minister of foreign affairs:

The note of the imperial Ger-man government dated the 8th day of July, 1915, has received the careful consideration of the gov-ernment of the United States and it regrets to be obliged to say that it has found it very unsatis-factory, because it fails to meet the real differences between the two governments and indicates no way in which the accepted prin-ciples of law and humanity may be applied in the grave matter in controversy, but proposes, on the contrary, arrangements for a partial suspension of those principles which virtually set them aside.

The government of the United States notes with satisfaction that the imperial German government recognizes without reservation the validity of the principles insisted in the several communications which this government has ad-dressed to the imperial German government with regard to its an-nouncement of a war zone and the use of submarines against mer-chantmen on the high seas—the principle that the high seas are free, that the character and cargo

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BRITAIN FORCED JAPAN TO MODIFY DEMANDS ON CHINA

That the government of Great Britain objected strenuously to the Japanese demands on China was admitted to the Star-Bulletin this morning by Captain Matsumi Sakurai of the Japanese navy, who for the last two years has been connected with the Japanese embassy at London. Captain Sakurai is returning on the Pacific Mail steamer China to Tokyo. He is going direct from London to Japan.

"The people of Great Britain are very friendly to Japan," he said, "but the government objected very much because we made the demands on China for the Shantung concessions. We are anxious to continue the good feeling which exists between England and Japan, and for that reason the protest of the government of England was acted upon with extreme promptness by the embassy."

While in London Capt. Sakurai, who also is a member of the govern-ing board of the imperial navy, had several opportunities to study the naval situation in Europe. He says that in his opinion there will be no more naval fights. He declares that there is no chance for the German fleet to come out of the North Sea until the end of the war, and he says that England has placed many destroyers and other war vessels in the English channel and in the vicinity of Ireland and for that reason he be-lieves the submarine war by Germany has received a check.

HONOLULU WILL BE AFFECTED BY ARMY INCREASE

Expansion of Military Organi-
zation Means Much to
Local Business

(Special Star-Bulletin Correspondence)
FORT SHAFTER, July 31.—That the army is to be increased and that the infantry is to receive from 30 to 34 regiments has apparently passed beyond the pale of rumor and from all indications it is only a question of how to do it with the least authority.
The last increase in the infantry occurred in 1901 under the act of Feb-ruary 2 of that year, and was an in-crease of only five regiments.

Those who were in the service at that time probably remember that the bars were lowered in recruiting offices in order to get recruits, and many of those accepted were shipped to their stations and there discharged for unfitness. Though the act went into effect in February it was not until a year later that all of the newly organized regiments were full up to

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of an hour until I came upon a fellow passenger whom I knew. He had two sticks under his arm and offered to let me rest on his improvised preserver, which I did. We floated around in this manner for another hour or more. Then we came across a boat which evidently had been smashed in some collision, and we were picked out of the water.
"I am an Englishman," he added, "but I spend about eight months of the year in Texas buying cotton for London mills. I was bound for Lon-don on the Lusitania after one of those trips to Texas when the disaster oc-curred. Mrs. Timmis was not with me on the Lusitania."
When Purser C. M. Landers of the China was asked for a personal de-scription of the Lusitania survivor, he said:
"He's on the after deck. Timmis is his name. He's a great, big, athletic man with a smiling face and a laugh and a joke for everybody. He doesn't seem to realize how close he came to death."

RUSSIAN TROOPS ABANDONING WARSAW; CZAR'S MEN PENNED IN AND MAY BE ANNIHILATED

LEYLAND STEAMSHIP IBERIA DISREGARDS SUBMARINE
WARNING AND TRIES TO ESCAPE, BUT IS DESTROYED—
AUSTRIAN CAVALRY CUTTING SLAV COMMUNICATIONS
—LUBLIN FALLS—TEUTONS CLOSING IN ON WARSAW

[Associated Press Service by Federal Wireles]
ZURICH, Switzerland, July 31.—An anti-American out-break of serious nature has taken place at Berlin, according to news received here. Berlin students went in a crowd to the American embassy and threatened it.

VIENNA, Austria, July 31.—Unable longer to hold War-saw in the face of the Teutons' steady advance, the Russian army is today evacuating the city and the Germans are likely to march in at any time.

Aviators hovering high above Warsaw today report the defending troops in full retreat, while thousands of inhabi-tants are fleeing from the city.

LONDON, England, July 31.—The Russians are destroying all property of value in the vicinity of Warsaw. They are devastating the farms and fields to prevent the enemy from securing supplies.

Austrian Cavalry Enters Lublin; Important Russian Line is Cut

VIENNA, Austria, July 31.—With the Teutonic Allies closing in behind Warsaw, communications between the Rus-sian front and rear are in grave danger of being cut.
Austrian cavalry today entered Lublin victoriously. The Teuton Allies now control the important railroad of the district and have cut one of the vital communications of the Russian front.

Russian Commanders May be Unable to Extricate Their Soldiers in Tim

LONDON, England, July 31.—Military authorities here are doubtful whether Grand Duke Nicolaievitch can extricate the main Russian troops from the perilous position in which they find themselves with the fall of Warsaw impending.
The Teutons are closing in and cutting some of the ex-tended lines. The problem of taking the huge Russian soldiery back through a country threatened on both sides by triumphant enemies is a difficult one to solve.

One American Killed When British Liner Disregards Submarine's Order

LONDON, England, July 31.—The Leyland liner Iberia was sunk today by a German submarine, which first ordered the British steamer to halt. The Iberia refused to stop and tried to escape. The submarine fired a torpedo and sunk the steamer and in the sinking seven of the crew were killed. The dead include one American.

Four more Lowestoft trawlers have been sunk by subma-rines, in these four cases the crews being saved.
Eight fishing vessels in all were sunk by submarines today.

Germany Appropriating Needed Metal

BERLIN, Germany, July 31.—The military authorities have appropriated all copper, brass and nickel utensils for war purposes.

(Additional Telegraphic Despatches on Page 25)

MORE OUTRAGES IN MEXICO CITY; FAMINE GROWING

MEXICO CITY, Mexico, July 31.—Further outrages on American citizens are taking place here. A man named Hudson, of an American family, and members of the family have been made prisoners and threatened with court martial on secret charges.
It is learned that when the American Mailory, riding in an auto with the son of a Chilean minister, carry-ing diplomatic despatches, was stop-ped by Zapatistas near Mexico City, it was Zapata himself who destroyed the official correspondence. Mailory was carrying. He broke the seals of the Chilean legation on some letters, declaring "Americans are fools."
The Brazilian minister has been flouted by the lawless people. Swiss and Spanish citizens are particularly in jeopardy.
The food situation grows more and more desperate. The people are eat-ing cats and dogs. Many foreigners

BASEBALL RESULTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh 5, Brooklyn 0, first game. Pittsburgh 5, Brooklyn 4, second game.
At Chicago—Chicago 7, New York 3, first game. New York 9, Chicago 2, second game.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 5, Boston 3.
At Philadelphia—St. Louis 2, Phila-delphia 1.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 1, Cleveland 0.
At New York—New York 2, Chicago 1.
At Boston—Boston 4, Detroit 1.
At Washington—St. Louis 5, Wash-ington 3.
are literally starving.
The wild bands of Zapata and Villa are extending their control and the Carranza followers in several places are fleeing. Gen. Gonzalez has re-occupied Mexico City.
Iron Fence
Structural and Ornamental Iron
H. E. HENDRICKSON, LTD.
Merchants and Aliens Bldg.